

TRACES OF OUR ANCESTORS - EUROPEAN REGIONS IN THE COURSE OF TIME

Erasmus + Projekt 2021-2023



COOPERATIONS' SCHOOLS:

- Escola Secundária Dr. Augusto César da Silva Ferreira, Rio Maior, Portugal
- Privatna gimnazija i strukovna skola Svijet, Zagreb, Croatia
- I Liceum Ogólnokształcące Szubin, Poland
- Istituto Istruzione Superiore Bernalda Ferrandina, Bernalda, Italy
- Quirinus-Gymnasium Neuss, Germany



TABLE OF CONTENTS / MOBILITIES

01

RIO MAIOR, PORTUGAL - PAGE 3

14 - 18 February 2022

Culture History - Europe in the past, present and in the future

02

ZAGREB, CROATIA - PAGE 11

28 March - 2 April 2022

Let's stick together

03

NEUSS, GERMANY - PAGE 16

19 - 23 September 2022

Traces of our ancestors

04

SZUBIN, POLAND - PAGE 24

5 - 9 December 2022

Living History

05

BERNALDA, ITALY - PAGE 27

26 - 31 March 2023

Ways of our ancestors

1ST MOBILITY IN

RIO MAIOR, PORTUGAL

14. - 18. FEBRUARY 2022

**14. FEB
MONDAY**

**THE FIRST DAY OF OUR FIRST MOBILITY
STARTED BY GETTING TO KNOW EACH
OTHER.**

**THE PORTUGUESES PREPARED SOME GAMES
FOR US AND WE CONNECTED REALLY QUICK.**

EACH COUNTRY PRESENTING ITSELF



***SINGING AND DANCING
NATIONAL SONGS***



**IN THE AFTERNOON WE WENT TO THE LOCAL SALT MINES AND LEARNED
A LOT ABOUT THE PRODUCTION OF SALT.
SOME OF US EVEN BOUGHT SALT DIRECTLY FROM THE LOCAL
PRODUCERS.**



Tuesday, 15. February: Lisbon, Sintra



the narrow alleys of Sintra

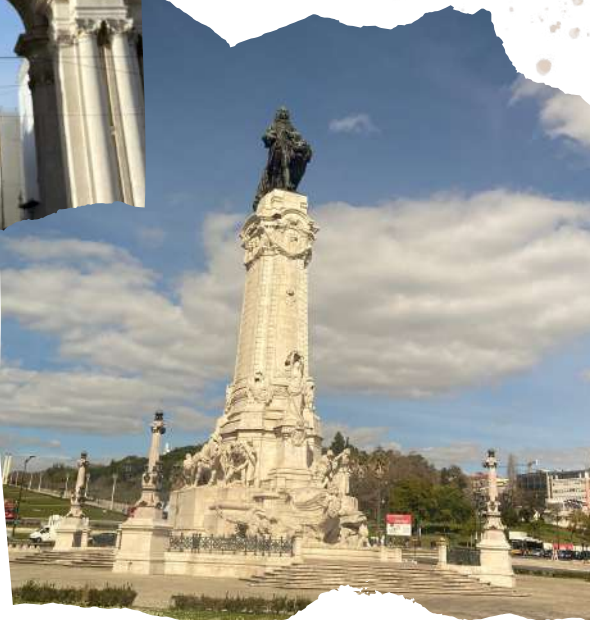


Travesseiros

Sintra is a small city located in the greatest Lisbon region which is known for its romanticist architecture. We walked through the small alleys with old houses and many of our students went to cafés and ate the traditional pastry called Travesseiros.



After we took some group photos and watched the beautiful view, we went on to Lisbon. We had a teacher with us who told us a lot about the city so we experienced Lisbon City from the bus.





We then visited the Jeronimos Monestary.

The Jeronimos Monastary was built by King Manuel I to commemorate Vasco da Gama's discovery and was later dedicated to the Virgin Maria. The style of the architecture was called "Manueline". Vasco da Gama is even buried in the building just as Luis de Camoes, a famous poet in the 16th century.



After this visit we continued our trip and went into the city Lisbon. We had one hour to taste traditional food and walk down the street of Praca de Comercio.

Pastel de Nata



Golden Hour at the Tejo

When we returned to Rio Maior after this long day we were tired but happy :)

Wednesday, 16.02.: Casa Europa



On Wednesday morning we had an online call with a representative of Casa Europa in Lisbon.

The Casa Europa was created in 2008 by the European Commission to provide information about the European Citizenship and the rights that come with it.

The delegate showed us around the office and explained what kind of help you can get in the Casa Europa. It was very interesting to get to know another European institution of which you don't hear much in the news.

DEBATE WITH CARLOS COELHO

We got the opportunity to ask Carlos Coelho a few of our questions about european politics, his opinion on political topics and his personal life.

Here are a few examples:

“At this point is Europe in reaching the goal fixed on the agenda 2030?”

I am very proud of the results achieved so far, but I am not optimistic that the goals set in the 2030 agenda will be achieved.



"Do you think that in the future the extreme right wing movements will gather enough power making decisions to make us socially regress in terms of human rights?"

Yes, it's possible that those movements can get the influence to make us as society regress in some issues but that's something that has to be fought using education and knowledge of young people like all of you.



Carlos Coelho:

- Portuguese Deputy of the European parliament
- 1986-1990 national leader of the Social Democratic Youth Organization
- One of the most influencing politicians on social media

THURSDAY

17.02.

*ON THURSDAY WE WENT SURFING.
WE FIRST LEARNED THE BASICS AND
AFTER GOT TO SURF WAVES OF ABOUT
2 METERS!*



*WE THEN VISITED THE BEAUTIFUL
LITTLE TOWN OBIDOS WHICH LAYS ON
A MOUNTAIN AND GOT SOME FREE
TIME TO HAVE A WALK AROUND.*



*WE SAW THE MOST INCREDIBLE
GOLDEN HOUR THERE AND RETURNED
TO RIO MAIOR IN THE EARLY EVENING
WITH A LITTLE SUNBURN.*

2nd Mobility in Zagreb, Croatia

28. March - 02. April 2022

TRACES OF OUR ANCESTORS

Zagreb mobility 27/3 - 2/4 2022



Traces of our ancestors lead us to the Manduševac fountain, where according to the legend about a girl and a knight, the name "Zagreb" was born.



„Belly of the city”, also known as Dolac, is a place just above the main square where people gather to buy fresh vegetables, fruit, cheese and even sea food.



Zagreb cathedral had its own fortification for the protection from the Ottomans. Sadly, the front tower was removed at the beginning of the 20th century - because the city needed space for cars and people!



This is the tower of Lotrščak, where there is a cannon which is named Grič that fires every day at 12 o'clock. According to legend, it marks the victory over the Turks



LICITAR HEART IS
UNESCO PROTECTED
UNMATERIAL HERITAGE!

Visiting Rijeka

EUROPEAN CAPITAL OF CULTURE 2020



Principal seaport and the third-largest city in Croatia, with rich 19th century history as the biggest port of Austro-Hungarian Empire.



Home of the famous Torpedo museum - in dedication to its inventor, Rijeka born navy officer Ivan Lupus.

People here speak with their own language - Fiumani, a mixture of Croatian and Italian!



Trsat castle - most famous Croatian sanctuary devoted to the Holy Virgin Mary

Visiting Varaždin

18TH CENTURY CAPITAL OF CROATIA

Known as the baroque pearl of the Croatian north. Famous for its culture, artisanships, IT and food industry. Thanks to Austrian Empress Maria Theresia, once a capital of Croatia.



Varaždin cemetery is one of the most beautiful representations of the park architecture in this part of Europe.



**Medieval castle near Varaždin.
Representation of the wealth of Croatian nobility during the feudal period in our history.**





Erasmus+

HVALA

WE TRACE OUR
ANCESTORS ALL THE
WAY TO THE EARLY
CHRISTIANITY ERA,
WHEN SLAVIC TRIBES
MET ROMAN CULTURE,
MADE A MARRIAGE OUT
OF IT, AND THE REST
OF IT IS THE
EUROPEAN UNION :)



3RD MOBILITY IN
NEUSS, GERMANY

19. - 23. SEPTEMBER 2022



ROMAN TRACES IN NEUSS



ROMANEUM- THE ROMANEUM IS A REPRESENTATIVE BUILDING OF THE CITY OF NEUSS . IT HOUSES AN ADULT EDUCATION CENTER, A MUSIC SCHOOL AND A BRANCH OF THE FERNUNIVERSITÄT HAGEN .



OBERTOR- IS A REMNANT OF THE ANCIENT FORTIFICATIONS OF NEUSS, WHICH ONCE MARKED THE TRADE ROUTE BETWEEN NEUSS AND COLOGNE. THIS CITY GATE, THE ONLY SURVIVING ONE AMONG SIX IN THE CITY, WAS BUILT IN THE 13TH CENTURY.

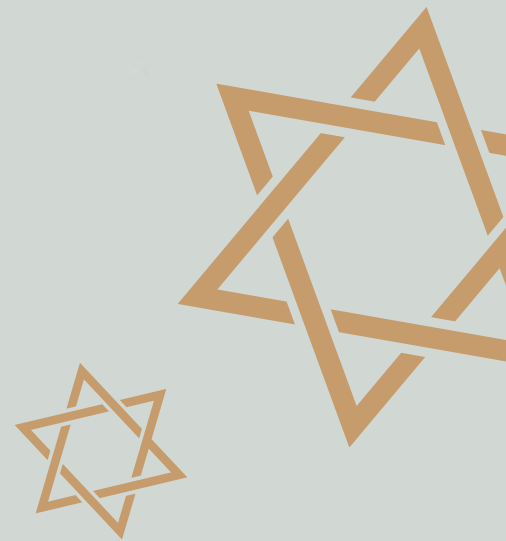


HAMTORWALL



JEWISH TRACES IN NEUSS

HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL NEUSS-THIS
MEMORIAL COMMEMORATES THE
JEWISH RESIDENTS OF NEUSS WHO
WERE MURDERED IN THE
HOLOCAUST. IT IS ERECTED ON THE
LOCATION OF THE SYNAGOGUE
WHICH WAS DESTROYED IN 1938.



COLOGNE ROMAN TRACES

19. SEP 2022.

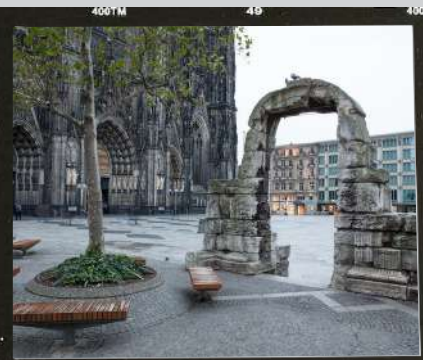
NORTHERN/EASTERN ROMAN GATE

-The Roman north gate built when the colony was founded in 50 AD

-The outer side of the central archway bore the city's name : CCAA (Colonia Claudia ara Agrippinensium)

-One of the side portals was rebuilt in 1971. above the visibly preserved remains of the Roman City gate and wall

-At the beginning of the 4th century AD under the emperor Constatine the great, the Romans build a solid bridge on the rhine that conected the Roman empire to the right bank of the rhine and to facilitate trade with Germania, which the Romans called BARABARICUM



ROMAN HARBOUR ROAD

-The basalt-paved harbour road, which led from the city to the northern harbour gate, now runs between the Romano-Germanic Museum and its administrative building. The 33-metre-long and 6-metre-wide road was excavated in 1969/1970 and moved 6 metres to the south.



ROMAN SEWER CANAL

-Segment called from a Roman main sewer, originally 9 meters beneath the 'Kleine Buengasse'.



-The underground pipe is transported the waste water from the colony to the Rhine

ROMAN CITY WALL

-The Roman city wall was almost four kilometres long and had at least nine gates and 19 round towers.



- Of significance, further to the north, are a 32-metre-long section of the wall with the so-called 'Lysolph Tower' and a 90-metre-long section of the curtain wall near the Prussian guardhouse next to the Cologne City Museum.



- The so-called 'Roman Tower', probably the best-known structure in the ancient defences of the city, marks the northwest corner of CCAA.



BOCHUM MINING MUSEUM SINCE 1296

- COAL AND IRON PRODUCTION**
- COAL TRADE AROUND THE WORLD**
- GUIDED TOUR:**
- SIMULATIONS TO EXPERIENCE THE WORKERS LIVES**
- INSIDE THE MINES**



The mining museum in Bochum is one of the most visited museums in Germany.

It has a very big exhibition with many interesting things we could experience ourselves with all our senses.

Through our guided tour in the mines we learned about the miners lives and experienced a little bit how it was to be underground.

Landtag

Flag of our states capital Düsseldorf:



- Parliament of our federal state "North-Rhine-Westphalia"
- 1 out of 16 Federal Governments of the federal republic of Germany
- Located in our states capital Düsseldorf next to the Rhine

Schedule of the day: At first we had the very exciting opportunity to visit and see the conference chamber in which all our local



Simon Rock



4TH MOBILITY IN

Szubin, Poland

05. – 09. DECEMBER 2022

Visit in Toruń & Bydgoszcz



Experiences of the life of Copernicus

EU Workshop Discussion



Interviewing old citizens of Szubin



Gingerbread Workshop

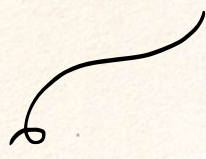
Visit & Talk in the Regional Parliament Kujawsko-Pomorskie




5th MOBILITY

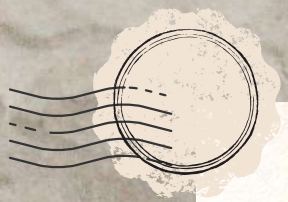
IN BERNALDA, ITALY

26. - 31.03. 2023



MOBILITY PROGRAM:

- 
1. MEETING WITH THE HOSTS;
 2. TOUR OF THE SCHOOL AND VISIT TO BERNALDA;
 3. VISIT TO "BOSCO SALICE", MARCONIA AND ALIANO;
 4. VISIT TO MATERA AND WORKSHOP ABOUT EUROPE;
 5. GROUP WORK, SAILING TRIP AND VISIT TO METAPONTO;
 6. PRESENTATION OF THE WORKS, MEETING WITH A
MEMBER OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND WITH A
UNIVERSITY HISTORY PROFESSOR.

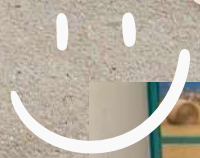


Day 1

Greetings at the airport



The delegations participating in the project were welcomed at the airport by the students and the teacher.



Erasmus+

Day 2

BERNALDA



The first day was dedicated to a tour of the school and a welcome party.





In the afternoon we visited the old city of Bernalda and the Castle.





Day 3

BOSCO SALICE,
MARCONIA AND
ALIANO

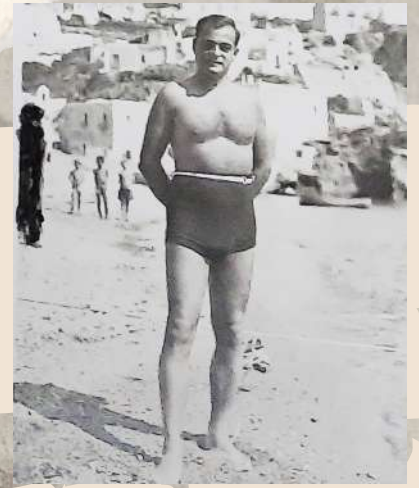


"Bosco Salice" was a territory of confinement, the first on the mainland.
It was made for many people considered enemies of the
Fascist Regime such as Renato Bitossi.



As member of the Constituent Assembly, Bitossi was also elected senator until 1968.

In 1969 he was general secretary of SPI-CGIL and in a European contest too.



MANY OF THE CONFINED ARRIVED AT CENTRO AGRICOLO AFTER BEING TRASFERRED FROM SOME CONFINEMENT ISLANDS, SUCH AS PONZA AND VENTOTENE.



Umberto Terracini participated in the Resistance in Piedmont. He signs the Italian Constitution together with the Head of State Enrico De Nicola and the President of the Council of Ministers Alcide De Gasperi.



In the latter the two authors Altiero Spinelli and Ernesto Rossi wrote the Manifesto of Ventotene (1941), that played a fundamental role in the construction of the European Union.

CARLO LEVI AND ALIANO

In 1931 he joined the Justice and Freedom movement and was arrested for anti-fascist activities in 1934. After a second arrest, in 1935 Levi was confined to Lucania, which sees him at first in the village of Grassano and then in Aliano.





Day 4

MATERA



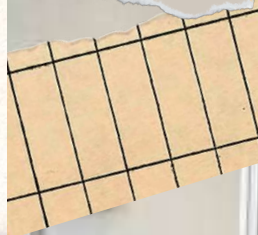
We visited Matera and its "Sassi".
Then we attended a workshop about Europe.





Day 5

WORK-GROUPS, SAILING
TRIP AND VISIT TO
METAPONTO



WORK-GROUPS IN OUR SCHOOL.

SAILING TRIP TO DISCOVER OUR COMMON ORIGINS.



In the afternoon we visited the Archeological Park of Metaponto and its Tavole Palatine with the director Vincenzo Cracolici.





Day 6

BERNALDA



MEETING AN OPEN DEBATE WITH THE HISTORY UNIVERSITY OF BASILICATA PROFESSOR DONATO VERRASTRO AND WITH THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT MEMBER ENZO AMENDOLA.



IN THE END, THE TEACHER GAVE THE
CERTIFICATES TO EVERYONE.



TRACES OF OUR ANCESTORS

2021- 2023



1 PROJECT

5 NATIONS

18 CITIES

36 PARTICIPANTS

50 ACTIVITIES

AND MORE THAN 1000 MEMORIES



THANK YOU FOR YOUR COLLABORATION!

SEE YOU SOON